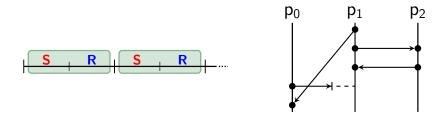
An Automata Based Approach for Synchronizable Mailbox Communication

Romain Delpy, Anca Muscholl, Grégoire Sutre

Univ. of Bordeaux, France

CONCUR 2024, Calgary

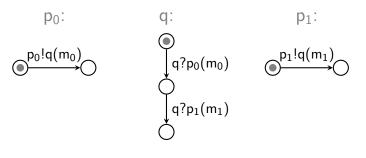


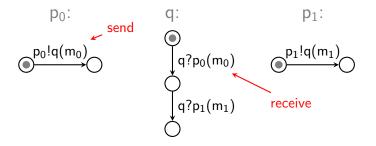


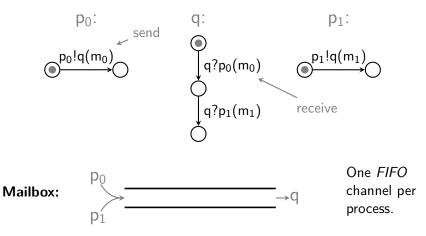
3 Checking synchronizability

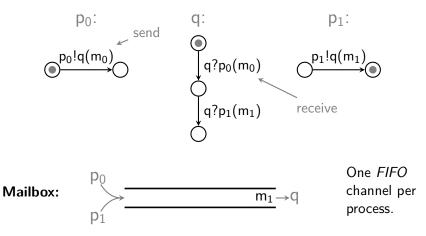
4 Current Work: Monitoring

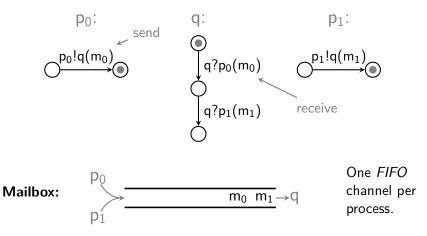


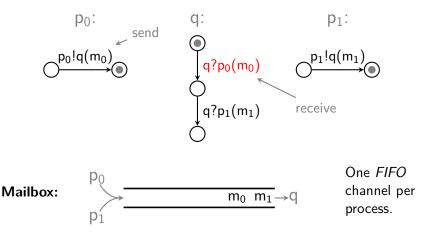












Mailbox executions

Executions that are possible for peer-to-peer communication may not be possible for mailbox.

Restriction _____

State reachability is **undecidable** [Brand-Zafiropulo 1983]: Requires restrictions.

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Synchronizability

A CFM is synchronizable if every execution can be reordered into a sequence of exchanges (**no message split**).

Synchronizability ____



Synchronizability \implies State reachability decidable?

Synchronizability decidable?



3 Checking synchronizability

4 Current Work: Monitoring



k-synchronizability.

k-exchanges [Bouajjani et al. 2018]: Exchanges with at most k sends.

A CFM is *k*-**synchronizable** if every execution can be reordered into a sequence of *k*-exchanges (no message split).



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$$| \mathbf{S}_{\leq k} | \mathbf{R} | \mathbf{S}_{\leq k} | \mathbf{R} |$$

Prev. results [Bouajjani et al. 2018,Di Giusto et al. 2020/2021]

- Reachability is decidable under *k*-synchronizability (PSPACE).
- For fixed k, "is the CFM k-synchronizable?" is PSPACE.
- "Is there some k such that the CFM is k-synchronizable?" is decidable (no complexity).

Warning: Slightly different definition for synchronizability.

Exchange normal form

In mailbox semantics, every exchange is equivalent to the sequence where receives are **in the same order** as the sends.

- $p!q_0(m_0)p!q_1(m_1)$
- $p_0!q(m_0) p_1!q(m_1)$

Exchange normal form

In mailbox semantics, every exchange is equivalent to the sequence where receives are **in the same order** as the sends.

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Marked send sequence: unmatched sends events are marked.

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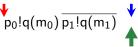
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3 Checking synchronizability

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Checking synchronizability _____

What does not synchronizable mean?

Execution that cannot be reordered into a sequence of exchanges:

Checking synchronizability ____

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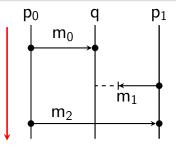
Mailbox MSC_

Message Sequence Charts (MSC)

Partial-order representation of executions:

process order + message arcs

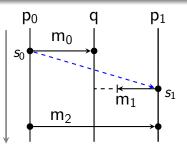
Two executions are **equivalent** if they have the same MSC.



Mailbox MSC.

Mailbox Message Sequence Charts (MSC)

Partial-order representation of executions: process order + message arcs + mailbox order. Two executions are **equivalent** if they have the same MSC.



Two sends to the same process, s_0 and s_1 , are *mailbox-ordered* if:

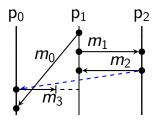
- s_0 is matched (with r_0)
- s_1 is unmatched, or is matched with r_1 and $r_0 < r_1$

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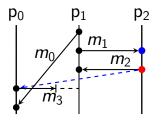


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- atomic sequence
- a **receive** before a **send** on some process

Atomicity _____

A sequence is **atomic** if no equivalent sequence can be divided into smaller sequences.

Atomicity ____

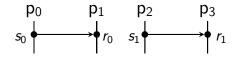
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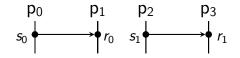
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- s₀ s₁ r₁ r₀



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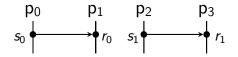
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• concurrent messages atomic



_Atomicity: A graphical approach ____



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Graph: added backward message arcs

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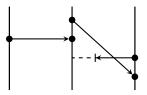
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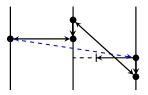


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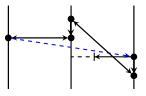


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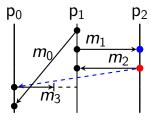
Atomicity of exchanges

The language of *marked send sequences* of atomic exchanges is **regular** (exp-size automaton built *on-the-fly*, PSPACE).

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What does not synchronizable mean?

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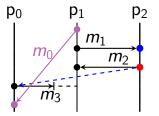


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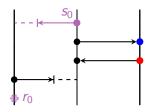
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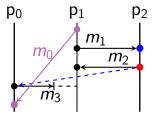
Removing last action makes it synchronizable!



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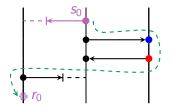
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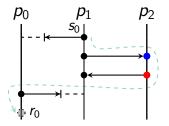
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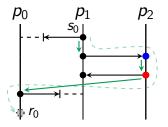
Need to check a path going from *first* send action s_0 through a receive then a send and ending before the future receive r_0

Path between exchanges_



Need a way to connect path between *atomic* exchanges

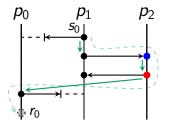
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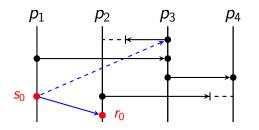
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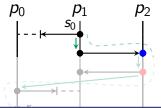
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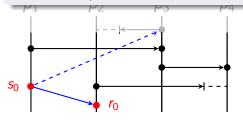


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Synchronizability

Checking if a given CFM is synchronizable for mailbox semantics is $\ensuremath{\operatorname{PSPACE}}$ -complete



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2 Reachability

- 3 Checking synchronizability
- 4 Current Work: Monitoring



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Centralized Monitoring

For a CFM A and a property P, can we construct an automaton B accepting executions of A respecting P?

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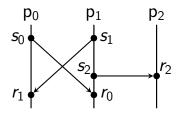
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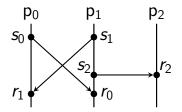
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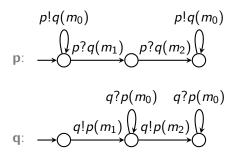
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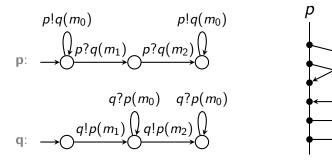
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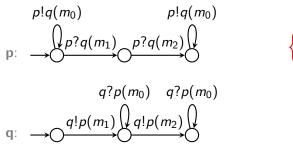
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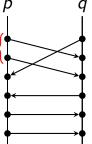


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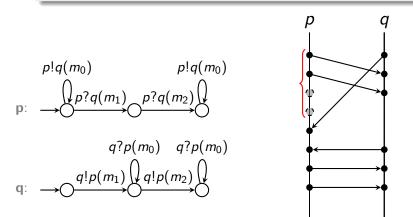


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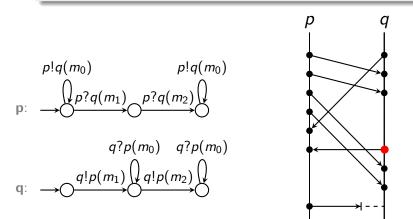




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Future work:

• Analysing real programs in Rust (internship), finding restrictions for better complexity.



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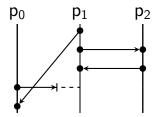
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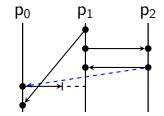
THANK YOU

_ Difference of synchronizability _

Weak-Synchronizability [Di Giusto et. al. 2020]

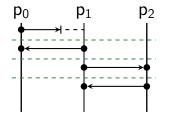


Synchronizability [Delpy et. al. 2024]



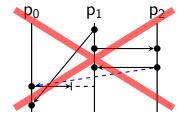
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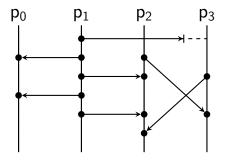
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Not synchronizable

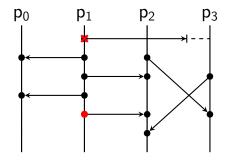
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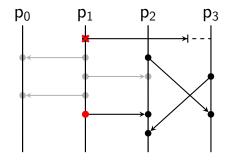
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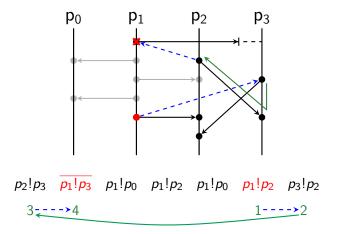
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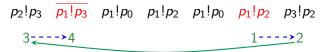


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Atomicity: Automata check (cont.)



Exists path labelling of **linear** size in the number of processes if path in augmented msc.

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$$p_{2}!p_{3} \quad \overline{p_{1}!p_{3}} \quad p_{1}!p_{0} \quad p_{1}!p_{2} \quad p_{1}!p_{0} \quad p_{1}!p_{2} \quad p_{3}!p_{2}$$

$$3 = ---> 4 \qquad \qquad 1 = ---> 2$$

Exists path labelling of **linear** size in the number of processes if path in augmented msc.

A sequence is atomic *iff*

- For each active process, a path from its last action to its first.
- A cycle contains all active processes.

Atomicity of exchanges

The language of marked sends sequences equivalent to atomic exchanges is **regular** (EXPSPACE automaton that can be build *on the fly*).